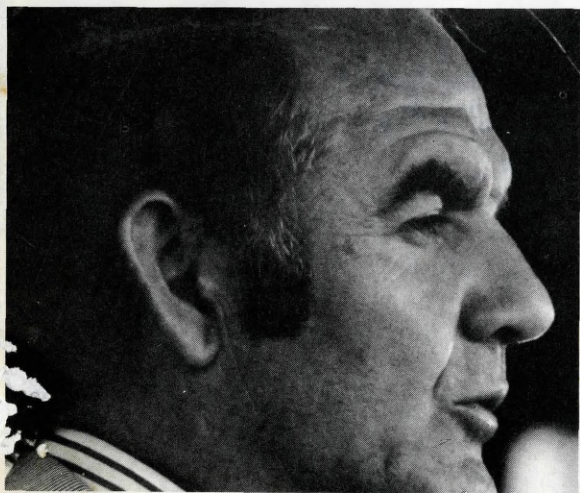


**THE  
CLEAREST  
CHOICE  
OF  
THE CENTURY.**





*President Nixon has called the 1972 Presidential Election the "clearest choice" offered to America's voters in this century. Consider . . .*

## **The Choice on America's Defense.**

President Nixon believes in cutting only the fat from the defense budget, while maintaining the military forces he needs to guarantee America's security.

Senator McGovern proposes to cut the defense budget by \$32 billion—which is cutting into the very muscle of our military. In the words of Hubert Humphrey: "Senator McGovern is proposing a 40% cut in our defense forces—cutting the Navy in half, and the Air Force by more than half—without any similar disarmament agreement from the Russians. It shocks me. No responsible President would think of cutting our defenses back to the level of a second class power in the face of the expanding Russian Navy and Air Force."

## **The Choice on Vietnam.**

President Nixon has ended America's ground combat role in Vietnam, and he'll bring all of our forces home as soon as the enemy agrees to a cease fire and the return of our POW's. And the President will consider amnesty for those who wouldn't serve after the POW's are home.

Senator McGovern wants to withdraw from Vietnam immediately and hopes the POW's will then be released. And he's willing to offer pardons *now*, without penalty or alternate service, for all who illegally dodged military service.



## **The Choice on Welfare Reform.**

President Nixon is replacing a welfare system that isn't working with one that will. He doesn't want to guarantee everybody a living, but he does want to guarantee everybody an opportunity. As part of his reform the President favors workfare, which means that "going on welfare will not be more profitable than going to work."

Senator McGovern has proposed to hand a \$1,000 check to every American, whether he needs it or not. His *total* program would put nearly one out of every two people on some form of welfare, and would mean higher taxes for working Americans at almost every income level.

Democratic Congressman Wilbur Mills said, "I am a little surprised that Senator McGovern has announced this (welfare and tax reform) as his program. I don't know where we'd get (that) money..."

## **The Choice on Other Important Issues.**

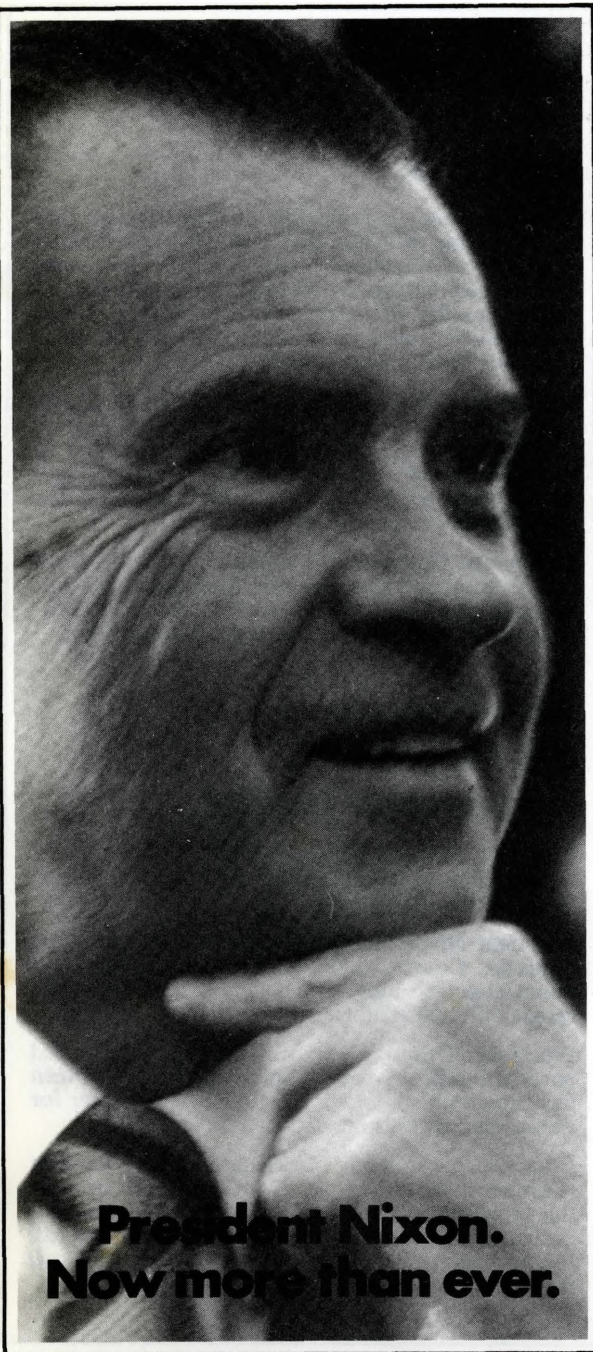
President Nixon strongly opposes the busing of school children, while Senator McGovern has clearly stated that he's for it.

President Nixon has named qualified judges to the Supreme Court, while George McGovern talks about selecting judges on a quota system to represent different minority groups.

President Nixon is in favor of finding ways to aid parochial and private schools. George McGovern has shown no support during his Senate career for non-public education.

Consider this statement by Senator Henry Jackson (Democrat, Washington): "McGovern has become the spokesman of some of the most dangerous and destructive currents in American politics. Some call the McGovern Doctrine the new populism. I call it the new extremism."





**President Nixon.  
Now more than ever.**

## **Is Senator McGovern Believable?**

This summer he went through six or seven men before finally finding someone who could run on his ticket with him. Then he sent a public relations man to deal secretly with the North Vietnamese in Paris while our government's negotiations were still going on. He first denied it, later he confirmed it.

Such McGovern inconsistencies are not new:

In 1967, Senator George McGovern said he was *not* an advocate of unilateral withdrawal of our troops from Vietnam. *Now, of course, he says he is.*

Last year, Senator McGovern said he would remove all American forces from Southeast Asia. *Now he wants to leave troops in Thailand and on ships in the area.*

In Florida, Senator McGovern said he was pro-busing. *In Oregon, he said he would support the anti-busing bill now in Congress.*

In 1971, Senator McGovern said Jerusalem should be an international city. *This year he wants to recognize Jerusalem as the Israeli capital and move the United States embassy there from Tel Aviv.*