

**151. Industrial Geography (3) (Former Geog 103)**

Study of form and function; internal, interregional and extraregional connections of the world's industrial regions.

**152. Transportation Geography (3) (Former Geog 102)**

Analysis of areal distribution of transport networks of the world (road, rail, water, and air) and the interaction of these networks with other phenomena.

**160. Urban Geography (3) (Former Geog 120)**

The city environment. An understanding of the changing urban environments from ancient through medieval to modern times; the relationship of the urban center to its surrounding hinterland; the interdependence of its functional parts; its problems and future.

**161. Historical Geography of the United States (3) (Former Geog 177)**

Regional settlement of the United States; peopling of physiographic regions, creation of economic (cultural) regions, and geographic factors related to broad trends in American history.

**162. Political Geography (3) (Former Geog 116)**

Systematic treatment; nature and structure of states, boundary problems, territorial waters, international power, air space.

**163. World Crises (3) (Former Geog 100T section)**

Current major political, economic, and environmental crises occurring on either a global or a regional level.

**164. Minority Peoples (3) (Former Geog 118)**

Spatial analysis of minority groups in the world, in the United States, and in Central California. Historical and modern distribution of minority peoples, based on racial, ethnic, cultural, and economic characteristics.

**165. Cultural Landscapes (3) (Former Geog 104)**

Spatial aspects of the development of cultural landscapes, particularly the evolution of agriculture and urbanization. Emphasis on the cultural landscapes of Central California.

**REGIONAL GEOGRAPHY (Geog)****166T. Anglo-American Regions (3; max total 9, if no area repeated) (Former Geog 140, 141)**

Examination of the physical, economic and cultural geographic foundations of major Anglo-American regions. Regions to be discussed include Canada, the Continental United States, the American West, the South, the Middle West, and the North East.

**168. Geography of California (3) (Former Geog 189)**

Natural and cultural patterns of California; historical and regional geography of the state.

**170T. Latin American Regions (3; max total 9, if no area repeated) (Former Geog 142, 143T)**

Geography of Latin America. Relationship of cultural and natural features; social and economic development; man-land relationships. Regions to be discussed include Mexico, Central America, Caribbean Islands and South America.

**174T. European Regions (3) (Former Geog 127T)**

Geographic regions of Europe emphasizing the relation of human activities to physical factors areal in their distribution and influence. Regions to be discussed include Mediterranean lands, Western Europe, Eastern Europe, Central Europe, Northern Europe, the British Isles.

**176. Geography of the USSR (3) (Former Geog 124)**

Comprehensive study of the economic, cultural, physical and political geographic foundations of the Soviet state, followed by intensive study of selected regions within the country.

**177T. Asian Regions (3; max total 9, if no area repeated) (Former Geog 128T)**

Geographic regions of Asia emphasizing physical and cultural features. Regions to be discussed include Southeast Asia, South Asia, and the Far East.